HONG KONG COLLEGE OF RADIOLOGISTS

Higher Training (Radiology)

Subspecialty Training in Gastro-intestinal and Hepatobiliary Radiology

[This document should be read in conjunction with the *General Guidelines on Higher Training (Radiology)*]

1. INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 The subspecialty covers the gastro-intestinal tract, liver, biliary tract, pancreas, spleen, and the associated vascular, lymphatic, peritoneal, and mesenteric structures.
- 1.2 Apart from diagnostic imaging, experience in basic interventional procedures of the regions is also necessary.
- 1.3 Classified as Category A subspecialty.

2. OBJECTIVES

The aim of the subspecialty training in gastrointestinal and hepatobiliary (GI/HB) radiology is to ensure a trainee at the end of training period to have:

- 2.1 An in-depth knowledge of current theoretical and practical developments in the subspecialty.
- 2.2 Detailed understanding of indications, contraindications and complications of radiological procedures in GI/HB diseases.
- 2.3 Ability to perform GI/HB radiological procedures independently.
- 2.4 Ability to manage clinical consultation related to the subspecialty.
- 2.5 Competence in clinical rounds and meetings.

3. TRAINING REQUIREMENTS

3.1 TRAINING CENTER REQUIREMENTS

- 3.1.1 Facilities include fluoroscopy, angiography, US, CT, MRI and NM.
- 3.1.2 Endoscopic and laparoscopic procedures should be available in the clinical departments of the Training Centre.

3.2 TRAINER REQUIREMENT

As specified in the General Guidelines on Higher Training.

3.3 DURATION OF TRAINING

Six months of training are desirable.

3.4 DUTY SESSIONS

- 3.4.1 No less than five sessions per week specific for the subspecialty.
- 3.4.2 Attachment to another centre on sessional basis is advisable if exposure is inadequate or unavailable.

3.5 MINIMUM NUMBER OF EXAMINATIONS REQUIRED

Examinations	RIS Coding	Requirement
Fluoroscopic	2102 Cine Pharyngogram	Total 100
Examinations	2104 Swallow Oesophagogram	
	2105 Meal	
	2106 Meal and follow through	
	2107 Small bowel enema	
	2108 Enema	
	2109 Defaecogram	
	2114 Catheter Cholangiogram	
Ultrasound Scans	3101 Abdominal Organs	Total 300
	3102 Intestine / Appendix	
CT Scans	4203 Plain CT Abdomen	Total 250
	4204 Contrast Enhanced CT Abdomen	
	4404 CT Angiogram	
	4221 Plain CT colonography	
	4222 IV contrast CT colonography	
	4223 Plain Enteroclysis	
	4224 IV contrast Enteroclysis	
MRI Scans	8305 Plain MRI Abdomen	Total 80
	8306 Contrast Enhanced MRI Abdomen	
	8307 Plain MRI Abdomen (Survey)	
	8308 Contrast Enhanced MRI Abdomen (Survey)	
	8311 MR Cholangiopancreatography	
	8318 MR Colonography	
	8319 MR Enteroclysis	
	8309 MRI Pelvis	
	8310 IV contrast MRI Pelvis	
Related Vascular	6108 Coeliac Arteriogram	Total 40
IR Procedures	6109 Superior Mesenteric Arteriogram	
	6110 Inferior Mesenteric Arteriogram	

Examinations	RIS Coding	Requirement
	6301.AA Abdominal Artery Embolization	
	6301.AV Abdominal Vein Embolization	
Nuclear Medicine	9310 HBIDA	Total 10
Scans	9330 GI Bleeding Tc – RBC	
	9331 GI Bleeding Tc – SC	
	9332 GI Bleeding Tc – Ultra Tag	
	9370 Meckel's Scan	
	9390 Human Serum Albumin Scan	
Related Non-	7103-7107 Needle Aspiration / Biopsy	Total 30
vascular IR	7108-7109 Fluid / Abscess Drainage	
Procedures	7201 Percutaneous Transhepatic Cholangiography	
	7202 Percutaneous Transhepatic Biliary Drainage	
	7512.HR Radiofrequency Ablation, Microwave	
	Ablation	

3.6 CLINICAL RADIOLOGICAL CONFERENCES AND OTHER MEETINGS

Please refer to the General Guidelines on Higher Training.

3.7 PRESENTATIONS AND PUBLICATIONS

Please refer to the General Guidelines in Higher Training.

3.8 OPTIONAL REQUIREMENT

Observe 20 endoscopic / laparoscopic procedures, radio-frequency ablation of liver tumours, portal vein embolization, CT/MRI enteroclysis, virtual colonoscopy, contrast ultrasound of abdomen.

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